



Extracting DNA from Strawberries

What is DNA?

- DNA = Deoxyribonucleic Acid
- It's the **instructions** for life tells plants and animals how to grow and look.
- Found in the **nucleus** of cells.
- Normally **too small to see** but we can make it visible in this experiment!

Fun Fact: Strawberries have **8 sets of chromosomes** (humans have 2). That's why they're great for DNA extraction.

Why Do This?

Scientists and farmers extract DNA to:

- ✓ Study plant traits (flavor, size, color)
- ✓ Breed crops that resist disease
- ✓ Learn about genetics in health & science
- ✓ Make science hands-on and fun

How It Works (The Science Behind It)

- 1. Mash the strawberry \rightarrow Breaks cell walls.
- 2. Add extraction buffer (soap + salt + water)
 - Soap = breaks cell membranes.
 - o Salt = helps DNA come loose.
- 3. Filter the mixture \rightarrow Gets rid of chunks.
- 4. Add cold alcohol → DNA clumps together (precipitates).
 - **t** That white, stringy stuff = **strawberry DNA!**

Try It Yourself!

Materials (per group)

- 1 strawberry
- Zip bag
- 2 tsp dish soap
- 1 tsp salt
- ½ cup water
- Coffee filter or cheesecloth
- Clear cup/test tube
- Cold rubbing alcohol (from freezer)
- Wooden stick/toothpick

Steps

- 1. Put strawberry in bag. Mash 2 minutes.
- 2. Mix soap + salt + water = **extraction buffer**.
- 3. Add 2 tbsp buffer to bag. Mash 1 minute.
- 4. Pour through filter into a clean cup.
- 5. Slowly add **cold alcohol** along the side.
- 6. Watch for **white strings** = DNA!
- 7. Use stick/toothpick to **spool up DNA**.

Think About It 🤏

- What did the DNA look like?
- Why do we use soap and salt?
- Why might a farmer want to study strawberry DNA?

Wrap-Up

When you see strawberry DNA, you are looking at the **blueprint of life!**

This experiment shows how simple science connects to farming, food, and our future.